

GENDER GAP EVOLUTION

	ILLITERACY (15-24 YEARS)	UNEMPLOYMENT	GROSS PRIMARY ENROLMENT		ILLITERACY (15-24 YEARS)	UNEMPLOYMENT	GROSS PRIMARY ENROLMENT
Afghanistan			▼	Ecuador	▼	▼	■
Albania	▼	▲	■	Egypt	■	△	■
Algeria	▼	■	■	El Salvador	■	▼	▼
Angola			▲	Equatorial Guinea	▲		
Argentina	▲	△	▼	Eritrea	■		▼
Armenia			▲	Estonia		▼	■
Aruba		▼		Ethiopia	■		▼
Australia		▼	■	Fiji	■		△
Austria		■	■	Finland		△	■
Azerbaijan		▼	△	France		▼	■
Bahamas	▼	△	■	French Polynesia			△
Bahrain	▲		■	Gambia	▼		■
Bangladesh	■	▼	▼	Georgia		▼	■
Barbados		▼	▼	Germany		▼	■
Belarus		▲	▼	Ghana	■		■
Belgium		▼	■	Greece		▼	■
Belize	▲	△	▼	Grenada		▲	
Benin	▼		▼	Guatemala	▼		▼
Bolivia	■	△	▼	Guinea			▼
Bosnia and Herzegovina			■	Guinea-Bissau	■		▼
Botswana	△	▼	■	Guyana			▼
Brazil	△	▲	▼	Haiti	■		▼
Brunei Darussalam	▲		■	Honduras	△	▼	■
Bulgaria		▼	■	Hong Kong, China	▲	▼	△
Burkina Faso	■		▼	Hungary		■	■
Burundi	△		△	Iceland		■	■
Cambodia	△		▲	India	■		■
Cameroon	▲		△	Indonesia	▲		■
Canada		■	■	Iran, Islamic Rep.	△		▲
Cape Verde	△		▼	Iraq	■		■
Central African Republic	■		△	Ireland		▼	▼
Chad	■		▼	Isle of Man		■	
Chile		△	■	Israel		▼	▼
China	▼		▲	Italy		▼	■
Colombia	△	▼	▼	Jamaica	△	▼	■
Comoros	■		■	Japan		▼	■
Congo, Dem. Rep.	■		▲	Jordan	▲	▼	▼
Congo, Rep.	△		▲	Kazakhstan			■
Costa Rica	△	△	■	Kenya	△	■	■
Côte d'Ivoire	△		▼	Korea, Rep.		△	■
Croatia		▼	▼	Kuwait	△		▼
Cuba			■	Kyrgyzstan			■
Cyprus		△	△	Lao PDR	▼		■
Czech Republic		△	■	Latvia		▼	■
Denmark		△	■	Lebanon	■		△
Djibouti	■		■	Lesotho	▲	▲	■
Dominican Republic	△	△	▼	Liberia	▼		▼

▲ Above average rate of countries still progressing
 △ Below average rate of countries still progressing
 ■ Growth rate below 1% per year

▼ Above average rate of regressing countries
 ▼ Below average rate of regressing countries

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	ILLITERACY (15-24 YEARS)	UNEMPLOYMENT	GROSS PRIMARY ENROLMENT		ILLITERACY (15-24 YEARS)	UNEMPLOYMENT	GROSS PRIMARY ENROLMENT
Libya			■	Singapore		△	△
Lithuania		△	■	Slovakia		■	■
Luxembourg		■	▽	Slovenia		■	△
Macao, China		▽	■	Solomon Islands			▽
Macedonia, FYR		▽	■	Somalia			△
Madagascar	■		■	South Africa	■		■
Malawi	■		▽	Spain		■	■
Malaysia	▲		■	Sri Lanka	▲	▽	■
Maldives	■		■	St. Lucia		▽	
Mali	■		▽	Sudan	△		■
Malta	▲	▽	■	Suriname		△	
Mauritania	■		▽	Swaziland	△		▽
Mauritius	△		■	Sweden		▽	■
Mexico	▲	▽	■	Switzerland		▽	▽
Moldova			■	Syrian Arab Republic	■		■
Mongolia	▲		■	Tajikistan		△	▽
Morocco	■	■	▽	Tanzania	△		△
Mozambique	■		▽	Thailand	■	▽	■
Myanmar	▲		△	Togo	▽		■
Namibia	△	■	△	Trinidad and Tobago	▽	△	■
Nepal	▽		■	Tunisia	■		■
Netherlands		▽	■	Turkey	▽	▽	■
Netherlands Antilles	▽	▽		Turkmenistan			▽
New Caledonia			△	Uganda	■	▲	▽
New Zealand		■	■	Ukraine		▽	△
Nicaragua	■	■	▽	United Arab Emirates	△		△
Niger	■		■	United Kingdom		▽	■
Nigeria	△	▽	▲	United States of America		△	■
Norway		■	■	Uruguay	▲	■	■
Oman			△	Uzbekistan		▲	■
Pakistan	■	▲	▽	Vanuatu			▽
Panama	■	△	■	Venezuela	▲	▲	■
Papua New Guinea	■		▽	Viet Nam	■		■
Paraguay	△	△	■	Yemen	■		▽
Peru	■	▽	■	Yugoslavia			■
Philippines	▲	▽	■	Zambia	■	▽	▲
Poland		■	■	Zimbabwe	▽	▽	△
Portugal		▽	■				
Puerto Rico	▽	■	▽				
Qatar	▲		■				
Romania		▽	▽				
Russian Federation			▲				
Rwanda	△		▽				
Samoa	■		△				
Saudi Arabia	△		△				
Senegal	■		▽				
Sierra Leone			▽				

NB: This table does not refer to the exclusive evolution of women's advances but to the evolution of the gender gap in the three areas shown. Regarding the countries' classification, break values were obtained from the growth rate of the gender gap for each variable.

Sources:

Unemployment: World Development Indicators, World Bank 2002; UN Statistical Division Website (<http://www.un.org/depts/unsd/>); Illiteracy (15-24 years): World Development Indicators 2002, World Bank. Gross Primary Enrolment: UNESCO Website Database 2002 (<http://www.unesco.org/>); World Development Indicators 2002, World Bank.

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